UAB Kinome Core www.kinomecore.com

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Kinomics Background

Kinomics is the study of kinase signaling within cellular or tissue lysates. Kinomics can help elucidate cellular signaling pathways altered by treatment (i.e. drug or condition change), or for comparison of different phenotypes (i.e. proliferative vs. non- proliferative). Our PamGene PamStation Kinomic Array platform measures the phosphorylation of 144 tyrosine or 144 serine/threonine kinase substrates that are imprinted on PamChip microarrays. Changes in individual peptide phosphorylation are imaged with FITC conjugated phosphospecific antibodies, and signal is computer quantified in BioNavigator. Lists of altered peptides are then exported and analyzed for probable upstream kinases with tools such as Kinexus Phosphonet, as well as advanced Pathway Analysis and network modeling using GeneGo MetaCore.



What Kinomics Can do for You

*Identify Kinase important post treatment (ex. drug/condition response).

*Identify Kinase 🕻 re associated with Phenotype (ex. survival, growth, mets).

*Identify Kinase Targets for Intervention and hypotheses based kinomic activity.

The Array Platform





3x PamChip[®]4 Array

400 biomarkers/array

An Example Data Analysis









Example Conclusions

Drug X likely inhibits EGFR.

Drug X is likely important in Erk pathway signaling.

Erk2, VEGFR, and JAK1 mediate signaling impacted by Drug X and may mediate drug resistance

Sample types that are resistant cluster separately with a distinct kinomic signature post treatment with Drug X.

Pricing:

PTK (Tyrosine Kinome Analysis) UAB: \$1200 (4 samples) External: \$1350 STK (Serine/Threonine Kinome) UAB: \$1700 (4 samples) External: \$1900 Additional analysis is available as well. Please contact us for best experimental design optimization. Contact cwilley@uab.edu or janders7@uab.edu

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